

# Quarterly Performance Report

*For the period January – March 2015*

## Performance overview

This performance report covers the three month period ending 31 March 2015. For statistics prepared on a rolling 12-month basis, data prior to 1 January 2015 is used.

### Financial performance

- Horizon Power reported a year to date Net Profit After Tax of \$32.7M, compared to budget (State Budget Forecast) of \$24.5M. Income recorded a net shortfall of -\$13.5M driven mainly by lower discreet load revenue than forecast. This shortfall was offset by underspends in energy purchases (+\$24.1M) driven by savings in fixed charges (+\$13.6M) and carbon tax (+\$13.4M). The capitalisation of PUPP Phase 1, along with Wedgefield Third Transformer, resulted in higher depreciation and amortisation (-\$1.7M). Interest showed a favourable variance of +\$3.6M due to favourable interest rate on loans than budgeted, with income tax unfavourable by -\$2.0M resulting from a higher net profit compared to budget.
- Capital expenditure to date is \$56.6M against a budget of \$80.6M. The variance of -\$24M is driven by a combination of the Hedland Power Precinct Project (-\$11.4M), the Asset Management Programme (-\$8.9M) and the MidWest Conventional Generation (-\$2.4M), offset by Customer funded works (+\$5.7M). Following retimes done in March, \$12M has been retimed for the Hedland Power Precinct Project.
- Total debt of \$1.1Bn (including finance leases) contributed to a gearing ratio of 75%, a slight decrease from December 2014 (77%), driven by lower long term debt and an improved equity position following a profitable quarter.

### Business highlights

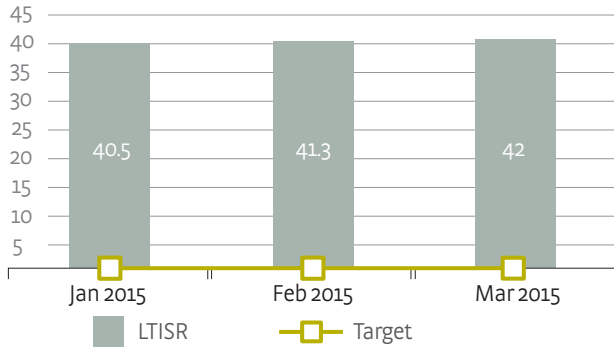
- Commendation from the Economic Regulation Authority for effective management of Horizon Power assets and continued delivery of the required levels of service to our customers.
- Deployment schedule finalised for the Advanced Meter roll out. Works to install the new communication network to support these meters will commence in April.
- Relocation of Horizon Power Control Centre from Karratha to Bentley with construction of the new centre underway.
- “Take 5” Risk assessment tool finalised in March. In addition, the inaugural meeting of the Umbrella Safety and Health Committee also occurred in March.

### Stakeholder service

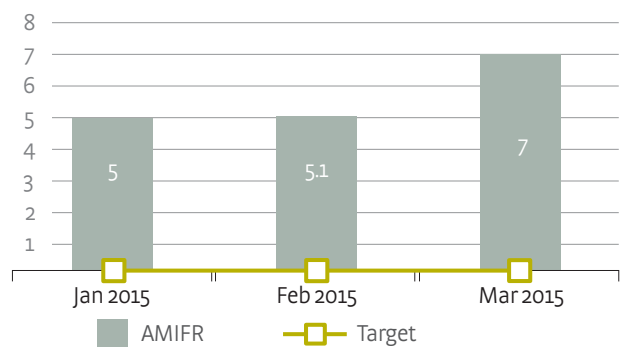
- Horizon Power provided responses to 9 Ministerials or requests for further information from the Minister or Public Utilities Office.
- Ministerials included topics such as; Asset Investment Program (AIP) efficiency update, 2015/16 budget process, budget paper 2 speech notes, queries regarding solar energy capacity, connection and power supply issues, tariff / cost of power enquiries, quarterly performance report, information regarding employee travel and consultants reports.

## Safety, health and the environment

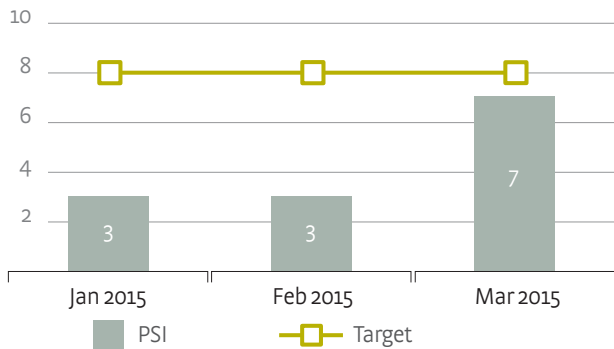
**Lost Time Injury Severity Rate** 12 month rolling average



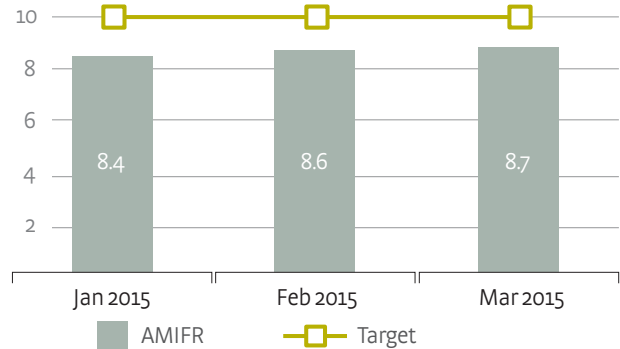
**Lost Time Injuries Frequency Rate** 12 month rolling average



**Public Safety Incidents**



**All Medical Injuries Frequency Rate** 12 month rolling average

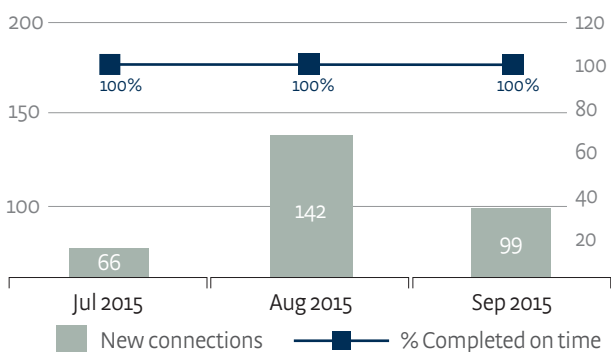


### Commentary

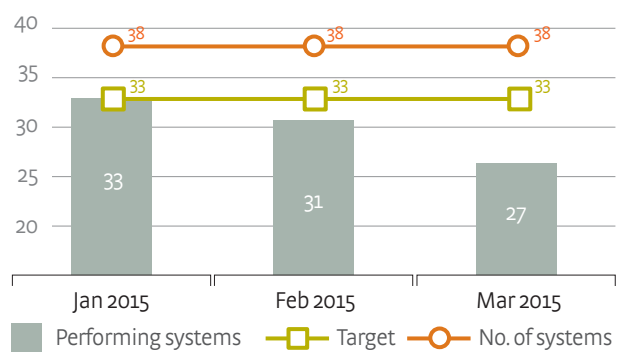
- There was 1 Horizon Power employee lost time injury recorded for the period, increasing the rate to 7.0 in March 2015
- The lost time injury severity rate for the quarter was 41.3 compared to 27.5 for December 2014 due to lower hours worked as a result of reduced headcount and 1 lost time injury resulting in considerable time away from duties
- The Greenhouse Gas Intensity decreased from 0.58 at the end of December 14 to 0.57 CO<sub>2</sub>e/kWh, which is well within the targeted level of 0.65

## Customer service and electricity delivery

**Customer Connections**



**Performing Systems** out of 38 systems



- Customer connections completed on time have remained consistent over the period with 100%. New connections spiked during February 2015 with 142.

## Financial performance - actual versus SDP

The Net Profit After Tax for year to date March 2015 shows a positive variance of +\$8.2M broken down as follows:

### Profit and Loss Summary (in \$millions)

	FY 2014/15		VAR
	ACT	SDP	
Income	395.5	409.0	(13.5)
Fuel and electricity purchases	149.4	173.5	24.1
Operating labour, overheads & materials	91.8	89.4	(2.4)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>154.3</b>	<b>146.1</b>	<b>8.2</b>
Depreciation and amortisation	53.3	51.7	(1.7)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>101.0</b>	<b>94.4</b>	<b>6.6</b>
Interest	55.8	59.4	3.6
Income tax	12.5	10.5	(2.0)
<b>Net profit after tax</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>24.5</b>	<b>8.2</b>

#### 1. Income

A negative variance of -\$13.5M in income primarily due to the following:

- (I) Electricity sales recorded a shortfall of -\$31.8M (actual \$225.3M v budget \$257.1M) arising mainly in the NWIS driven by lower demand than forecast.
- (II) Developer and Customer Contributions reported a positive variance of +\$19.4M driven from the recognition of PUPP in February for \$12.9M and Wedgefield Substation for \$5.2M.
- (III) Unfavourable variance of -\$7.7M from Customer Service Obligations (CSO) mainly attributable to Aboriginal Remote Communities (-\$5.0M), driven by lower kWh than budgeted.
- (IV) Miscellaneous Revenue recorded a favourable variance of \$6.6M mainly driven by settlement of a litigation claim (\$2.4M), coupled with higher gas revenue and connection fees.

#### 2. Fuel and electricity purchases

The positive variance of +\$24.1M was mainly driven by savings in fixed charges (+\$13.6M) and carbon tax (+\$13.4M).

#### 3. Operating labour, overheads and materials

The negative variance of -\$2.4M is mainly due to higher overheads (-\$1.5M) and labour costs (-\$1.7M) which was offset by savings in operating materials (+\$0.8M).

#### 4. Depreciation and amortisation.

The negative variance of -\$1.7M is mainly due to recent capitalisations of PUPP Phase 1 and Wedgefield Third Transformer.

#### 5. Interest and income tax

The positive variance of +\$3.6M in interest is due to lower debt than budgeted and unfavourable variance in tax (-\$2.0M) is resulting from higher earnings than budgeted.

## Financial performance - actual versus MYR

The Net Profit After Tax for year to date March 2015 shows a positive variance of +\$22.1M broken down as follows:

### Profit and Loss Summary (in \$millions)

	FY 2014/15		
	ACT	MYR	VAR
Income	395.5	382.4	13.2
Fuel and electricity purchases	149.4	160.6	11.2
Operating labour, overheads & materials	91.8	102.0	10.2
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>154.3</b>	<b>119.8</b>	<b>34.6</b>
Depreciation and amortisation	53.3	48.0	(5.4)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>101.0</b>	<b>71.8</b>	<b>29.2</b>
Interest	55.8	56.7	0.9
Income tax	12.5	4.5	(8.1)
<b>Net profit after tax</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>22.1</b>

#### 1. Income

A positive variance of +\$13.2M in income primarily due to the following:

- (I) Electricity sales recorded a shortfall of -\$9.1M (actual \$225.3M v budget \$234.4M) arising mainly in NWIS mainly driven by expected discreet loads not coming on line in the forecasted time frames coupled with economic slowdown and high vacancy rates.
- (II) Developer and Customer Contributions reported a positive variance of +\$17.9M driven mainly by the recognition of PUPP Karratha Phase One for \$12.9M.
- (III) Unfavourable variance of -\$1.9M from CSO mainly attributable to Aboriginal Remote Communities (-\$1.5M), driven by lower kWh than budgeted.
- (IV) Miscellaneous Revenue recorded a favourable variance of \$6.3M mainly driven by settlement of a litigation claim (\$2.4M), coupled with higher gas revenue and connection fees.

#### 2. Fuel and electricity purchases

The positive variance of +\$11.2M was mainly driven by savings in fixed charges and variable costs from lower sales volumes.

#### 3. Operating labour, overheads and materials

Favourable variance of +\$10.2M, mainly driven by lower operating labour +\$2.9M (+\$2.1M - lower redundancy costs) and lower consultant spend (+\$6.0M).

#### 4. Depreciation and amortisation.

Unfavourable variance of -\$5.4M is mainly due to recent capitalisations of PUPP Phase 1 and Wedgefield Third Transformer.

#### 5. Interest and income tax

The positive variance of +\$0.9M in interest is due to slightly lower debt than budgeted and unfavourable variance in tax (-\$8.1M) is resulting from higher earnings than budgeted.

## Other performance measures

KPIs	Actual	Target	Commentary
<b>Business Value</b>			
Unit Cost to Supply (cents/kWh)	29.8	30.7	The Unit Cost to Supply (cents/kWh) is currently achieving target, mainly driven by lower energy purchases.
Return on Assets (%)	7.8% (annualised)	7.0%	Higher return resulting from slightly higher Earnings Before Tax and Interest than budgeted, coupled with a slight reduction in surplus cash assets.
<b>Community</b>			
Customer Satisfaction (Annual) (Survey rating %)	82%	70%	Actual % based on survey carried out in June 2014.

## Efficiency Dividend Performance

Efficiency Dividend Targeted Areas	FY 2015 Q3 Efficiency Dividend Target	FY 2015 Forecast
Sum Efficiency Dividend	\$11.65M	\$15.5M

Horizon Power's combined efficiency dividend target for 2014/15 equates to \$15.5M consisting of the five per cent efficiency dividend (\$7.5M) and the GTE efficiency dividend of \$8.0M.

The targeted savings displayed in the above table have been identified and committed in Horizon Power's budget for 2014/15.

Horizon Power is on track to deliver and potentially exceed on these targets for 2014/15.

The savings are being achieved by outworking the strategic review recommendations.

The savings value is made up of reductions in

- Labor
- Contractors
- Consultants
- Materials
- Fleet
- Travel
- Information Technology